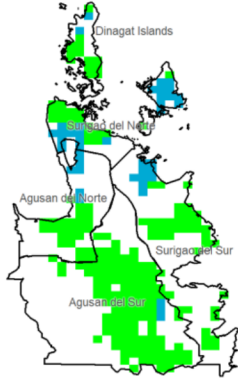
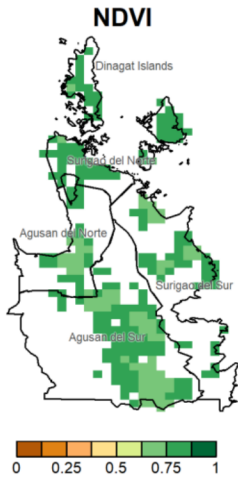
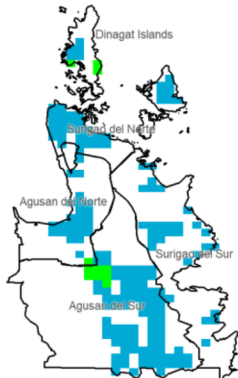


Region XIII (Caraga)

Water Availability for Rice
Prevailing Stage : (II) Vegetative



Water Availability for Corn
Prevailing Stage : (IV) Maturity



Provincial Values

	Mon. Ave. Rainfall (mm)	Rice		Corn	
		CS	CCI (%)	CS	CCI (%)
Agusan del Norte	320.4	I	178.0	I	378.8
		II	164.3	II	272.4
		III	158.1	III	215.9
		IV	158.1	IV	269.4
Agusan del Sur	272.7	I	161.6	I	331.5
		II	146.7	II	238.2
		III	139.9	III	183.0
		IV	139.9	IV	235.4
Dinagat Islands	323.7	I	148.9	I	322.9
		II	135.6	II	213.8
		III	129.6	III	161.9
		IV	129.6	IV	211.0
Surigao del Norte	414.9	I	213.6	I	399.4
		II	196.2	II	298.3
		III	188.3	III	236.5
		IV	188.3	IV	295.1
Surigao del Sur	361.4	I	179.9	I	388.3
		II	162.9	II	270.5
		III	155.3	III	204.6
		IV	155.3	IV	267.0

Crop Stage (CS) highlighted in **bold** is the dominant stage during the month of November

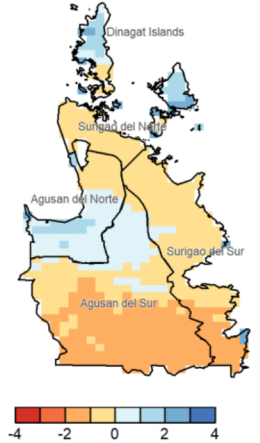
Rice CS: (I) Nursery, (II) Vegetative, (III) Reproductive, (IV) Ripening
 Corn CS: (I) Establishment, (II) Vegetative, (III) Reproductive, (IV) Maturity
 CCI Category: Inadequate (yellow), Sufficient (green), Excess (blue)

Regional Summary

The entire region received sufficient rainfall to support rice crops especially in their vegetative stage while excessive amount of rainfall received by the corn crops which might reduce the yield during their maturity stage.

These rainfall amounts were reflected in the maximum 5-day (RX5day) rainfall indices map that the region experienced from 100 to 250 millimeters of rainfall. NDVI map further indicates healthy conditions over the farm areas in most provinces in the region.

SPEI3 (Sep-Oct-Nov)



RX1day



RX5day

